The Future Of Democracy

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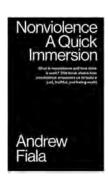
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Fresno State Ethics Center Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/user/EthicsCenterFSU/videos

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DISCOVERING SIMPLICITY

Wander everywhere, at home wherever you are. Forget the names of things and empty your boat. Live like a mountain and sit beneath a useless tree.

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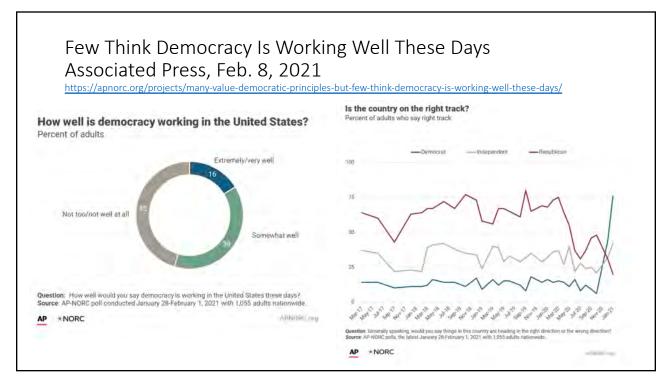
Thesis and Outline

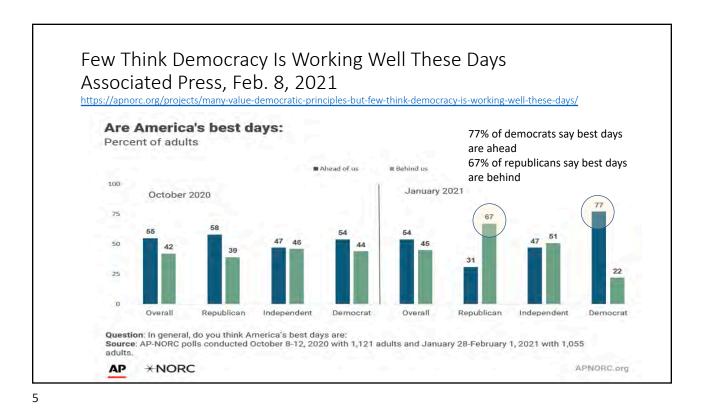
- The present crisis of democracy is not unusual. Democracies are not stable or common in history. We do not even agree about what we mean by democracy. But education about the challenges and opportunities can help us create the future for "we, the people."
- Part 1: The Present Crisis
- Part 2: Historical Perspective
- Part 3: Disputes about the Meaning of Democracy
- Part 4: Call for Education

Part 1: The Present Crisis



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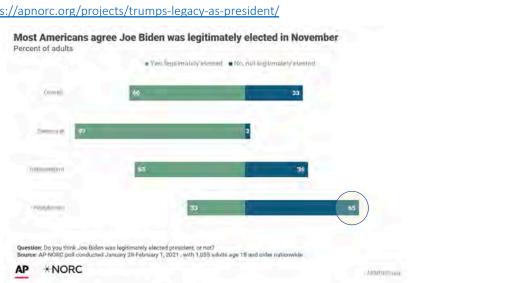


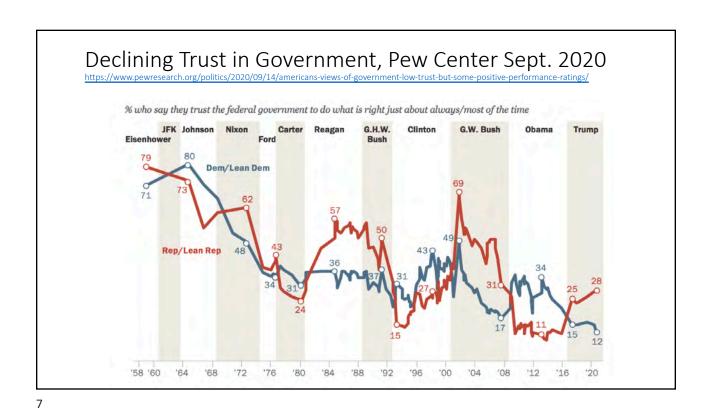


65% of Republicans don't believe Biden won Feb. 5, 2021

AP Poll https://apnorc.org/projects/trumps-legacy-as-president/

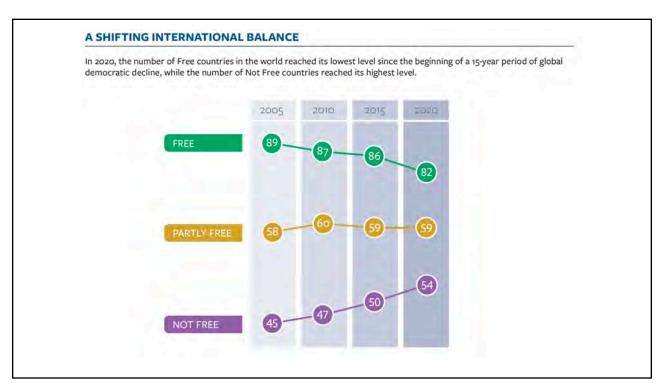
Most Americans agree Joe Biden was legitimately elected in November

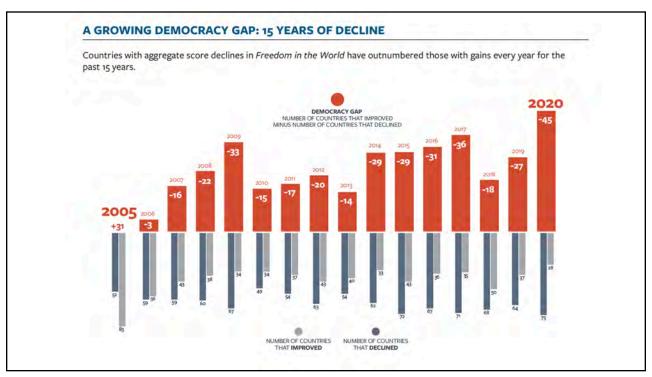


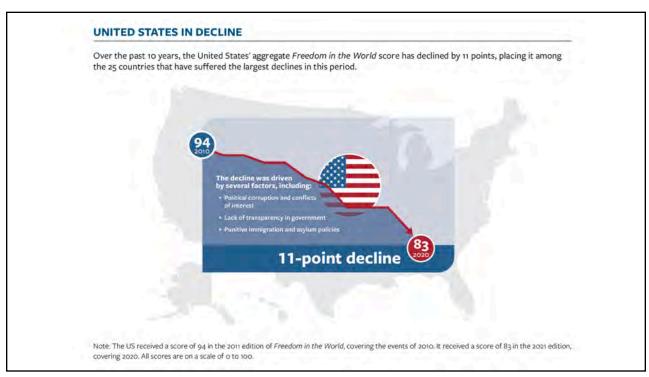


Freedom House Report Freedom in the World 2021: Democracy Under Siege https://freedomhouse.org/sites/default/files/2021-02/FIW2021 World 02252021 FINAL-web-upload.pdf

- Democracy's defenders sustained heavy new losses in their struggle against authoritarian foes, shifting the international balance in favor of tyranny.
- These withering blows marked the 15th consecutive year of decline in global freedom. The countries experiencing deterioration outnumbered those with improvements by the largest margin recorded since the negative trend began in 2006. The long democratic recession is deepening.
- The impact of the long-term democratic decline has become increasingly global in nature, broad enough to be felt by those living under the cruelest dictatorships, as well as by citizens of long-standing democracies. Nearly 75 percent of the world's population lived in a country that faced deterioration last year. The ongoing decline has given rise to claims of democracy's inherent inferiority.











Athenian Democracy: 180 Years (with interruptions)

- 508 BCE: Cleisthenes: Athens divided into representative groups: Demes (neighborhoods/wards) vs. Familial Power
- 440's 430's: Periclean Athens ("Age of Pericles")
 - Pericles: our city is called a democracy, because not the few but the many govern.
- 431- 404: Peloponnesian War
 - 429: Pericles dies from the plague
- 411: Coup of the Oligarchs (including Alcibiades, a student of Socrates)
- 404: Thirty Tyrants installed by Sparta (including Critias, a student of Socrates)
- · 403: Thrasybulus restored democracy
- 399: Socrates executed by the democratic assembly
- · 338: Philip of Macedon defeats Athens
- 322: Antipater (following Alexander) imposes oligarchy on Athens



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Plato: Democracy is a Ship of Fools







American Democracy 250 years (with interruptions)



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Part 3: Disputes about Democracy

- Deliberative vs. Agonistic
 - Civil discourse and reason OR Conflict, competition, and struggle
- Who should be a member?
 - Athens: men (not women and slaves)
 - USA: men (not women and slaves)
 - BUT: we've changed!
- How big, how stable, and how long should a democracy last?
- What are the rules/procedures for elections?

Agonistic Democracy

- Power
- Protest
- Direct Action
- Manipulation
- Persuasion
- Rhetoric
- Demagoguery
- Machiavelli



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Deliberative Democracy

- Reasonable consensus
- Civility
- Tolerance
- Understanding
- Common Good



Who gets to vote?

- Lowering or raising the voting age.
 - 18, 16, or 21?
- Non-citizens?
 - Example: New Zealand: You're eligible to enroll and vote if you are 18 years or older, a New Zealand citizen or permanent resident, and you've lived in New Zealand continuously for 12 months or more at some time in your life
 - https://vote.nz/enrolling/get-ready-to-enrol/are-you-eligible-to-enrol-and-vote/
- Prisoners and ex-convicts?
 - Some states, felons never lose their right to vote, even while they are incarcerated.
 - 18 states, felon voting rights automatic restoration upon release.
 - 19 states, felons voting rights restored after parole/probationary period.
 - 11 states felons lose voting rights indefinitely
 - https://www.ncsl.org/research/elections-and-campaigns/felon-voting-rights.aspx

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How should we vote?

- H.R. 1 ("For The People Act")—passed March 3, 2021
 - John Sarbanes and Nancy Pelosi H.R. 1 will protect the right to vote, ensure the integrity of our elections, hold elected officials accountable and end the era of big, dark, special-interest money... clean up decades of dysfunction in Washington, return power to the people.
 - https://sarbanes.house.gov/media-center/pressreleases/pelosi-lofgren-sarbanes-joint-statement-reintroduction-hr-1-people-act
 - Mike Pence: H.R. 1 would make fraud easier, trample the First Amendment, erode confidence, and dilute the votes of legally qualified eligible voters
 - https://www.dailysignal.com/2021/03/03/election-integrity-isa-national-imperative/





Part 4: Education

- Education is the true corrective of abuses of constitutional power.
 - Thomas Jefferson
- Democracy has to be born anew every generation, and education is its midwife.
 - John Dewey





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Conclusion

- Models of Democracy (political philosophy)
- History, US Government, and Current Affairs
- Civility, Critical Thinking, and Ethics
- Deep Questioning

